9VAC25-840-40. Minimum standards.

must be consistent with the following criteria, techniques and methods:

- 1. Permanent or temporary soil stabilization shall be applied that may not be applied to areas that are to be left dormant for more than one reached on any portion of the site. Temporary at final grade but will remain dormant for soil stabilization shall be applied within seven days to denuded areas to denuded areas within seven days after final grade is longer than 14 days. Permanent stabilization shall be
- stockpiles on site as well as borrow areas and soil intentionally transported from the project site. trapping measures. 2. During construction of the project, soil stock piles The applicant is responsible for the and borrow areas shall be stabilized or protected with sediment temporary protection and permanent stabilization of all soil
- Permanent vegetation shall not be considered established until a ground cover is achieved that is uniform, mature permanent vegetative survive and will inhibit erosion. cover shall be established on denuded areas not otherwise permanently stabilized.
- disturbance takes place Sediment basins and traps, perimeter dikes, constructed as a first step in any land-disturbing sediment barriers and other measures intended to trap sediment shall activity and shall be made functional before upslope land
- Stabilization measures shall be applied to earthen structures such as dams, dikes and diversions immediately after
- served by the trap or basin. Sediment traps and sediment basins shall be designed d constructed based upon the total drainage area to be
- trap shall only control drainage areas less than three a. The minimum storage capacity of a sediment trap shall be acres. 134 cubic yards per acre of drainage area and the
- cubic yards per acre of drainage area. The outfall system correspond to a bare earth condition or those conditions expected to exist while the sediment basin is utilized Surface runoff from disturbed areas that is comprised of basin during a 25-year storm shall be controlled by a sediment basin. of 24-hour duration. The minimum storage capacity of a sediment basin shall be 134 shall, at a minimum, maintain the structural integrity of flow from drainage areas greater than or equal to three Runoff coefficients used in runoff calculations
- to be eroding excessively within one year of permanent stabilization shall be provided with additional slope stabilizing measures until the problem is corrected. Cut and fill slopes shall be designed and constructed in a manner that will minimize erosion. Slopes that are found
- permanent channel, flume or slope drain structure. Concentrated runoff shall not flow down cut or fill slopes unless contained within an adequate temporary
- water seeps from a slope face, adequate drainage or other protection shall be provided.
- cannot enter the conveyance sewer inlets that are made system without first being filtered operable during construction shall be protected so that sediment-laden water or otherwise treated to remove sediment.